January 1 – December 31, 2020

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Lasso Healthcare MSA

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2020. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services you need.

This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This plan, Lasso Healthcare MSA, is offered by Lasso Healthcare Insurance Company. (When this Evidence of Coverage says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means Lasso Healthcare Insurance Company. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Lasso Healthcare MSA.)

This document is available for free in Spanish.

Please contact our Member Services number at 1-866-766-2583 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday April 1 through September 30.

Please call us at the number and during the hours listed above if you need information in another format or language.

Deductible and/or deposit may change on January 1, 2021.

H1924_2020EOC4_C

OMB Approval 0938-1051 (Expires: December 31, 2021)
2020 Evidence of Coverage

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Section 6.1 We make sure that your health information is protected
SECTION 1  Introduction

Section 1.1  You are enrolled in Lasso Healthcare MSA, which is a Medicare Medical Savings Account Plan

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care through our plan, Lasso Healthcare MSA.

There are different types of Medicare health plans. Lasso Healthcare MSA is a Medicare Advantage Medical Savings Account (MSA) Plan. This plan does not include Part D prescription drug coverage. Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare MSA Plan is approved by Medicare and run by a private company. If you are interested in enrolling in a Medicare prescription drug plan or to see what plans are available in your area, visit https://www.medicare.gov or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Generally, unless you are new to Medicare or meet a special exception, you can only join during the Medicare fall open enrollment period, which occurs from October 15 to December 7.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act’s (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2  What is the Evidence of Coverage booklet about?

This Evidence of Coverage booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The word “coverage” and “covered services” refers to the medical care and services available to you as a member of Lasso Healthcare MSA.

It’s important for you to learn what the plan’s rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this Evidence of Coverage booklet. If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan’s Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1.3  Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

It’s part of our contract with you

This Evidence of Coverage is part of our contract with you about how Lasso Healthcare MSA covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called “riders” or “amendments.”

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Lasso Healthcare MSA between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020.
Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Lasso Healthcare MSA after December 31, 2020. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2020.

**Medicare must approve our plan each year**

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Lasso Healthcare MSA each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

### SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

**Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements**

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (Section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)
- -- and -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area).
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- -- and -- you do not have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer, or you were a member of a different plan that was terminated
- -- and -- you are not currently getting hospice care (If you begin hospice care after you enroll, you can remain a member of the plan.)
- -- and -- you don’t have the following types of additional health benefits:
  - You don’t have other health coverage that would pay the MSA plan deductible, including benefits under an employer or union group health plan;
  - You don’t get benefits from the Department of Defense (TRICARE) or the Department of Veterans Affairs;
  - You are not a retired Federal government employee and part of the Federal Employee Health Benefits Program (FEHBP); or
  - You are not eligible for Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources).

**Section 2.2 What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?**

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:
Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services, skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies).
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician’s services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies).

Section 2.3 Here is the plan service area for Lasso Healthcare MSA

Although Medicare is a Federal program, Lasso Healthcare MSA is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area or a state we are licensed in. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these states: Arizona, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Utah and Wyoming, plus the District of Columbia/Washington D.C.

Every county in these states has been assigned to one of three service areas or regions. Each region/service area is described below.

Our Region 1 service area includes these counties in these states:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 1 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>Graham, La Paz, Maricopa, Mohave, Pima, Pinal, Santa Cruz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Baxter, Benton, Boone, Carroll, Crawford, Franklin, Fulton, Jefferson, Johnson, Logan, Madison, Marion, Newton, Pope, Scott, Searcy, Sebastian, Washington</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 1 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Ascension, East Baton Rouge, Jefferson, Livingston, Orleans, St. Charles, West Baton Rouge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>Big Horn, Broadwater, Carbon, Cascade, Chouteau, Custer, Deer Lodge, Fergus, Flathead, Gallatin, Golden Valley, Jefferson, Lake, Lewis and Clark, Lincoln, Mineral, Missoula, Musselshell, Pondera, Powell, Ravalli, Rosebud, Sanders, Silver Bow, Stillwater, Sweet Grass, Teton, Treasure, Wheatland, Yellowstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>Carson City, Churchill, Clark, Douglas, Lyon, Nye, Storey, Washoe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>Bernalillo, Cibola, Dona Ana, Grant, Hidalgo, Luna, Otero, Rio Arriba, San Miguel, Sandoval, Santa Fe, Sierra, Socorro, Torrance, Valencia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Alamance, Alexander, Anson, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Caswell, Catawba, Chatham, Cleveland, Cumberland, Davidson, Davie, Durham, Forsyth, Gaston, Guilford, Henderson, Iredell, Johnston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Orange, Person, Randolph, Rockingham, Rowan, Stanly, Stokes, Surry, Union, Wake, Wilkes, Yadkin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>Burleigh, Cass, Grand Forks, Morton, Richland, Stutsman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 1 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>Aurora, Bon Homme, Brookings, Butte, Clark, Clay, Codington, Custer, Davison, Day, Deuel, Fall River, Grant, Hamlin, Hutchinson, Kingsbury, Lake, Lawrence, Lincoln, Meade, Miner, Minnehaha, Moody, Pennington, Roberts, Sanborn, Spink, Turner, Union, Yankton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>Davis, Salt Lake, Utah, Weber</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Our Region 2 service area includes these counties in these states:
## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 2 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Clark, Clay, Cleburne, Conway, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Dallas, Desha, Faulkner, Garland, Grant, Greene, Hot Spring, Independence, Jackson, Lee, Lincoln, Lonoke, Monroe, Montgomery, Perry, Phillips, Poinsett, Polk, Prairie, Pulaski, Randolph, Saline, St. Francis, Stone, Van Buren, White, Woodruff, Yell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Appling, Baker, Baldwin, Banks, Barrow, Bartow, Bibb, Bryan, Burke, Butts, Chatham, Chattahoochee, Cherokee, Clarke, Clay, Clayton, Cobb, Coffee, Colquitt, Columbia, Coweta, Crisp, Dawson, DeKalb, Dooly, Dougherty, Douglas, Effingham, Elbert, Evans, Fannin, Fayette, Forsyth, Franklin, Fulton, Gilmer, Glynn, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hancock, Harris, Hart, Heard, Henry, Irwin, Jackson, Jasper, Johnson, Jones, Lamar, Laurens, Lee, Liberty, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, Marion, McDuffie, McIntosh, Meriwether, Monroe, Morgan, Muscogee, Newton, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Peach, Pickens, Pike, Quitman, Randolph, Richmond, Rockdale, Schley, Spalding, Stephens, Stewart, Sumter, Taylor, Terrell, Tift, Toombs, Towns, Treutlen, Turner, Twiggs, Union, Upson, Walton, Ware, Warren, Washington, White, Worth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>Clay, Coles, Crawford, DeKalb, Edwards, Franklin, Hancock, Iroquois, Jackson, La Salle, Ogle, Richland, Saline, Wabash, Wayne, Williamson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>Butler, Cherokee, Coffey, Harvey, Jackson, Jefferson, Lyon, Osage, Pottawatomie, Sedgwick, Shawnee, Wabaunsee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>Bracken, Montgomery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>Mineral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Avery, Bladen, Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Harnett, Haywood, Hoke, Jackson, Lee, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mitchell, Montgomery, Moore, Polk, Richmond, Robeson, Rutherford, Sampson, Scotland, Swain, Transylvania, Yancey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>Adams, Barnes, Benson, Billings, Bowman, Cavalier, Dickey, Dunn, Eddy, Emmons, Foster, Grant, Griggs, Hettinger, Kidder, LaMoure, Logan, McHenry, McIntosh, McLean, Mercer, Nelson, Oliver, Pembina, Pierce, Ramsey, Ransom, Rolette, Sargent, Sheridan, Sioux, Slope, Stark, Steele, Towner, Traill, Walsh, Ward, Wells, Williams</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 2 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Berks, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Juniata, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, Mifflin, Monroe, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland, Perry, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan, Tioga, Union</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Abbeville, Anderson, Calhoun, Charleston, Cherokee, Chester, Chesterfield, Fairfield, Greenville, Greenwood, Lancaster, Laurens, Lexington, Oconee, Pickens, Saluda, Spartanburg, Union, York</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>Beadle, Bennett, Brown, Brule, Buffalo, Campbell, Charles Mix, Corson, Dewey, Douglas, Edmunds, Faulk, Gregory, Haakon, Hand, Hanson, Harding, Hughes, Hyde, Jackson, Jerauld, Jones, Lyman, Marshall, McCook, McPherson, Mellette, Oglala Lakota, Perkins, Potter, Stanley, Sully, Todd, Tripp, Walworth, Ziebach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Bowie, Brooks, Burleson, Burnet, Cass, Hudspeth, Jim Hogg, Kenedy, Leon, Limestone, Madison, Red River, Titus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>Box Elder, Cache, Daggett, Morgan, Rich, Summit, Tooele, Wasatch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Our Region 3 service area includes these counties in these states:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 3 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>Apache, Cochise, Coconino, Gila, Greenlee, Navajo, Yavapai, Yuma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>Arkansas, Ashley, Bradley, Calhoun, Chicot, Cleveland, Columbia, Drew, Hempstead, Howard, Izard, Lafayette, Lawrence, Little River, Miller, Mississippi, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier, Sharp, Union</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>Alexander, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jefferson, Johnson, Lawrence, Marion, Massac, McDonough, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Schuyler, Union, White</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 3 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>Ballard, Barren, Boyle, Caldwell, Carlisle, Christian, Clinton, Crittenden, Cumberland, Estill, Floyd, Fulton, Green, Hickman, Hopkins, Johnson, Knott, Larue, Letcher, Lincoln, Lyon, Magoffin, Marion, Martin, Mason, Mercer, Metcalfe, Monroe, Morgan, Nicholas, Owsley, Pike, Robertson, Russell, Todd, Trigg, Trimble, Union, Washington, Wayne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Acadia, Allen, Assumption, Avoyelles, Beauregard, Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Calcasieu, Caldwell, Cameron, Catahoula, Claiborne, Concordia, De Soto, East Carroll, East Feliciana, Evangeline, Franklin, Grant, Iberia, Iberville, Jackson, Jefferson Davis, Lafayette, Lafourche, LaSalle, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Natchitoches, Ouachita, Plaquemines, Pointe Coupee, Rapides, Red River, Richland, Sabine, St. Bernard, St. Helena, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Landry, St. Martin, St. Mary, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, Tensas, Terrebonne, Union, Vermilion, Vernon, Washington, Webster, West Carroll, West Feliciana, Winn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>All counties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>Elko, Esmeralda, Eureka, Humboldt, Lander, Lincoln, Pershing, White Pine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>Catron, Chaves, Colfax, Curry, DeBaca, Eddy, Guadalupe, Harding, Lea, Lincoln, Los Alamos, McKinley, Mora, Quay, Roosevelt, San Juan, Taos, Union</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 3 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>North Dakota</strong></td>
<td>Bottineau, Burke, Divide, Golden Valley, McKenzie, Mountrail, Renville</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pennsylvania</strong></td>
<td>Adams, Bradford, Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Franklin, Fulton, Montgomery, Philadelphia, Pike</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>South Carolina</strong></td>
<td>Aiken, Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Beaufort, Berkeley, Clarendon, Colleton, Darlington, Dillon, Dorchester, Edgefield, Florence, Georgetown, Hampton, Horry, Jasper, Kershaw, Lee, Marion, Marlboro, McCormick, Newberry, Orangeburg, Richland, Sumter, Williamsburg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Utah</strong></td>
<td>Beaver, Carbon, Duchesne, Emery, Garfield, Grand, Iron, Juab, Kane, Millard, Piute, San Juan, Sanpete, Sevier, Uintah, Washington, Wayne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Washington, D.C.</strong></td>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
State | Lasso Healthcare MSA REGION/SERVICE AREA 3 Counties
--- | ---
Wyoming | All counties

If you move within your current county, you must call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) in order to update your information. If you plan to move out of your current county, please contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet); when you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location. At the Annual Election Period, you may elect Lasso Healthcare MSA if offered in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

### Section 2.4  U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Lasso Healthcare MSA if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Lasso Healthcare MSA must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

### SECTION 3  What other materials will you get from us?

#### Section 3.1  Your plan membership card and debit card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan. If you do not use your plan membership card when receiving services, you will have to submit a claim to our plan. (For information about submitting a claim, see Chapter 5, *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services.*) You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here’s a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

---

**Lasso Healthcare MSA**

A Medicare Advantage Medical Savings Account (MSA) Plan

**JONATHAN SAMPLE**

ID #: 123456789012345
Copays: $0
Plan #: H1924 PBP# 1

**Member/Provider Service:** 1-866-766-2583 (TTY: 711)
www.lassohealthcare.com

**Claims:** P.O. Box 260925, Plano, TX 75075

Providers: This member’s access to you follows the same non-network rules as Original Medicare. If you are Medicare-participating and accepting new patients, you must see this member. If you are non-participating or have opted-out of Medicare, you are not required to see this member.
As long as you are a member of our plan, in most cases, **you must not use your red, white, and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services (with the exception of routine clinical research studies and hospice services). You may be asked to show your Medicare card if you need hospital services. Keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

**Here’s why this is so important:** If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue Medicare card instead of using your Lasso Healthcare MSA membership card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

You will also get a debit card to use to pay for qualified medical expenses with money from your MSA savings account.

If your plan membership card or debit card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### SECTION 4 Your monthly premium for Lasso Healthcare MSA

#### Section 4.1 How much is your plan premium?

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for Lasso Healthcare MSA. (You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium).

**Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members (those who aren’t eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. **You must continue paying your Medicare Part B premium to remain a member of the plan.**

Your copy of *Medicare & You 2020* gives information about these premiums in the section called “2020 Medicare Costs.” This explains how the Medicare Part B premium differs for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can
also download a copy of Medicare & You 2020 from the Medicare website (https://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 5 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

Section 5.1 How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

We use information in your membership record to provide your coverage. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse’s employer, workers’ compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That’s because other insurance coverage may make you ineligible for our plan.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don’t need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
## SECTION 6  We protect the privacy of your personal health information

### Section 6.1  We make sure that your health information is protected

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 6, Section 1.4 of this booklet.
CHAPTER 2

Important phone numbers and resources
Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

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SECTION 1  Lasso Healthcare MSA contacts
(how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services at the plan)

How to contact our plan’s Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing or member card questions, please call or write to Lasso Healthcare MSA Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Member Services – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-866-766-2583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-800-915-4489</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Lasso Healthcare MSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 261113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plano, TX 75026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.lassohealthcare.com">www.lassohealthcare.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

How to contact Optum Bank

For questions about your MSA savings account and debit card, please contact Lasso Healthcare MSA Member Services and we can connect you to Optum Bank’s Customer Service department. If you prefer, you may contact Optum Bank directly at the telephone number or address listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Optum Bank Customer Service – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-855-893-2300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, all year except Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, all year except Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-866-314-9795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Optum Bank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 271629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Salt Lake City, UT 84127-1629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.optumbank.com">www.optumbank.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Optum Bank or the trustee that you have chosen can only assist you with your MSA account and/or debit card, and are unable to assist you with any benefit issues. For benefit issues, please contact our plan’s Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For more information about your MSA trustee services provided by Optum Bank, please refer to your deposit agreement and disclosure statement.
How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care, making an appeal about your medical care and/or making a complaint about your medical care

A “coverage decision” is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)). You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

You can make a complaint about us including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan’s coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CALL   | 1-866-766-2583
|        | Calls to this number are free.
|        | Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.
|        | Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers. |
| TTY    | 711
|        | Calls to this number are free.
|        | Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30. |
| FAX    | 1-800-915-4489 |
| WRITE  | Lasso Healthcare MSA
|        | P.O. Box 261113
|        | Plano, TX 75026 |
| WEBSITE| www.lassohealthcare.com |
How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-866-766-2583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-800-419-6475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Lasso Healthcare MSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 261115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plano, TX 75026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.lassohealthcare.com">www.lassohealthcare.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan’s coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-866-766-2583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAX</td>
<td>1-800-419-6475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Lasso Healthcare MSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 261115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plano, TX 75026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEDICARE WEBSITE</td>
<td>You can submit a complaint about Lasso Healthcare MSA directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.
### Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Payment Requests – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **CALL** | 1-866-766-2583  
Calls to this number are free.  
Available 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday - Friday from April 1 through September 30.  
We also have free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.  
Lasso Healthcare MSA cannot accept payment requests via phone, however we can answer any questions you may have. |
| **TTY** | 711  
Calls to this number are free.  
Available 8 a.m. - 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday - Friday from April 1 through September 30. |
| **FAX** | 1-800-915-4489 |
| **WRITE** | Lasso Healthcare MSA  
P.O. Box 261113  
Plano, TX 75026 |
| **WEBSITE** | www.lassohealthcare.com |

### SECTION 2 Medicare

(how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called “CMS”). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.
### Medicare – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CALL   | 1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227  
24 hours a day, 7 days a week. |
| TTY    | 1-877-486-2048  
This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  
Calls to this number are free. |
| WEBSITE| [https://www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)  
This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.  
The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:  
1. **Medicare Eligibility Tool**: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.  
2. **Medicare Plan Finder**: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.  
You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Lasso Healthcare MSA:  
3. **Tell Medicare about your complaint**: You can submit a complaint about Lasso Healthcare MSA directly to Medicare.  
To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.asp](https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.asp). Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.  
If you don’t have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you.  
(You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) |
SECTION 3  
State Health Insurance Assistance Program  
(free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. Here is a list of the State Health Insurance Assistance Programs in each state we serve:

- Arizona: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- Arkansas: Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)
- Delaware: Medicare Assistance Bureau
- Georgia: GeorgiaCares SHIP
- Hawaii: State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)
- Illinois: Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP)
- Indiana: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- Kansas: Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK)
- Kentucky: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- Louisiana: Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIP)
- Maryland: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- Minnesota: State Health Insurance Assistance Program/Senior LinkAge Line
- Mississippi: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- Montana: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- New Mexico: ADRC-SHIP
- Nevada: State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- North Carolina: Seniors’ Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- North Dakota: State Health Insurance Counseling (SHIC)
- Ohio: Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP)
- Pennsylvania: APPRISE
- Rhode Island: Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP)
- South Carolina: I-CARE Insurance Counseling Assistance and Referrals for Elders
- South Dakota: Senior Health Information & Insurance Education (SHIINE)
- Texas: Health Information, Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)
- Utah: Senior Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)
- Washington, D.C.: Health Insurance Counseling Project (HICP)
- Wyoming: State Health Insurance Information Program (WSHIIP)

SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can
also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Arizona State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-432-4040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Division of Aging and Adult Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Arizona Department of Economic Security</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1789 West Jefferson, Site Code 950A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phoenix, AZ 85007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.azdez.gov/daas/ship">www.azdez.gov/daas/ship</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Arkansas Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-224-6330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>1200 West Third Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Little Rock, AR 72201-1904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.insurance.arkansas.gov/pages/consumer-services/senior-health/">www.insurance.arkansas.gov/pages/consumer-services/senior-health/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Delaware Medicare Assistance Bureau – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-336-9500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>1351 West North St. Suite 101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dover, DE 19904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://insurance.delaware.gov/divisions/dmab/">https://insurance.delaware.gov/divisions/dmab/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>GeorgiaCares SHIP – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-866-552-4464 (option 4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>2 Peachtree Street, NW, 33rd Floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Atlanta, GA 30303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mygeorgiacares.org/">www.mygeorgiacares.org/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Hawaii State Health Insurance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-888-875-9229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-866-810-4379 This number requires special telephone equipment and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>250 S. Hotel Street, Suite 406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Honolulu, HI 96813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.hawaiiship.org">www.hawaiiship.org</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Illinois Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-252-8966</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-888-206-1327 This number requires special telephone equipment and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>One Natural Resources Way, Suite 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Springfield, IL 62702</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://www2.illinois.gov/aging/ship/Pages/default.aspx">https://www2.illinois.gov/aging/ship/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

### Indiana State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>1-800-452-4800</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>311 W Washington St, Ste 300 Indianapolis, IN 46204-2787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://www.in.gov/idoi/2495.htm">https://www.in.gov/idoi/2495.htm</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansas (SHICK) – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>1-800-860-5260</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>New England Building 503 South Kansas Topeka, KS 66603-3404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick">http://www.kdads.ks.gov/commissions/commission-on-aging/medicare-programs/shick</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Kentucky State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>1-877-293-7447 (option 2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>275 E. Main Street, 3E-E Frankfort, KY 40621</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/pages/ship.aspx">www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dail/pages/ship.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Louisiana Senior Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP) – Contact Information

**Method**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Callable Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-259-5300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE           | 1702 N. Third Street  
P.O. Box 94214  
Baton Rouge, LA 70802 |

### Maryland State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information

**Method**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Callable Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-243-3425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE           | 301 West Preston Street, Ste 1007  
Baltimore, MD 21201 |
| WEBSITE         | [www.aging.maryland.gov/Pages/state-health-insurance-program.aspx](http://www.aging.maryland.gov/Pages/state-health-insurance-program.aspx) |

### Minnesota State Health Insurance Assistance Program/Senior LinkAge Line – Contact Information

**Method**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Callable Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-333-2433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE           | P.O. Box 64976  
St. Paul, MN 55164-0976 |
| WEBSITE         | [http://www.mnaging.org/Advisor/SLL/SLL_SHIP.aspx](http://www.mnaging.org/Advisor/SLL/SLL_SHIP.aspx) |
## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Mississippi State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-844-822-4622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>200 S Lamar St Jackson, MS 39201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for-seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/">http://www.mdhs.ms.gov/adults-seniors/services-for-seniors/state-health-insurance-assistance-program/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Montana State Health and Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-551-3191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>1100 North Last Chance Gulch, 4(^{th}) Floor Helena, MT 59601</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>New Mexico ADRC-SHIP – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-432-2080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>P.O. Box 27118 Santa Fe, NM 87502-7118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.nmaging.state.nm.us/adrc.aspx">http://www.nmaging.state.nm.us/adrc.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>Nevada State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-307-4444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | 3416 Goni Road  
          Carson City, NV 89706                                                      |
| WEBSITE| https://nevadaadrc.com/services-and-programs/medicare/state-health-insurance-assistance-program-ship |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>North Carolina Seniors’ Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-855-408-1212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | Albemarle Building  
          325 N Salisbury St  
          Raleigh, NC 27603                                                              |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>North Dakota State Health Insurance Counseling Program (SHIC) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CALL   | 1-888-575-6611  
          1-800-366-6888 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| TTY    | 711  
          1-800-366-6888 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| WRITE  | 600 E Blvd Ave  
          Bismarck, ND 58505                                                                  |
| WEBSITE| www.nd.gov/ndins/shic                                                                  |
## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Ohio Senior Health Insurance Information Program (OSHIIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-686-1578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-614-644-3745 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>50 West Town Street, 3rd Floor, Suite 300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Columbus, OH 43215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.insurance.ohio.gov/Consumer/Pages/OSHIIP.aspx">http://www.insurance.ohio.gov/Consumer/Pages/OSHIIP.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Pennsylvania APPRISE – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-783-7067</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>555 Walnut Street, 5th Floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Harrisburg, PA 17101-1919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/medicare-counseling/Pages/default.aspx">https://www.aging.pa.gov/aging-services/medicare-counseling/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Rhode Island Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-888-884-8721</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>57 Howard Ave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Louis Pasteur Bld. 2nd Floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cranston, RI 02920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/">www.dea.ri.gov/insurance/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>South Carolina (I-CARE) Insurance Counseling Assistance and Referrals for Elders – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-868-9095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>1301 Gervais Street, Suite 350 Columbia, SC 29201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://aging.sc.gov/programs-initiatives/medicare-and-medicare-fraud">https://aging.sc.gov/programs-initiatives/medicare-and-medicare-fraud</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>South Dakota Senior Health Information &amp; Insurance Education (SHIINE) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>Central: 877-331-4834 East: 800-536-8197 West: 877-286-9072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>700 Governors Drive Pierre, SD 57501-2291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.shiine.net">www.shiine.net</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Texas Health Information, Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-252-9240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>701 West 51st Street, MC: W275 Austin, TX 78751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare">https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Utah State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-541-7735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>195 North 1950 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Salt Lake City, UT 84116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://daas.utah.gov/seniors/#shiip">https://daas.utah.gov/seniors/#shiip</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Washington, D.C., Health Insurance Counseling Project (HICP) – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-202-727-8370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>500 K Street, NE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Washington, DC 20002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling">www.dcoa.dc.gov/service/health-insurance-counseling</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Wyoming State Health Insurance Information Program (WSHIIP) – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-856-4398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>106 W Adams Ave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Riverton, WY 82501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="http://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program">http://www.wyomingseniors.com/services/wyoming-state-health-insurance-information-program</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Quality Improvement Organization

(Paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. Here is a list of the Quality Improvement Organizations in each state we serve:
KEPRO: Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Montana, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Wyoming

The Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The Quality Improvement Organization is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact the Quality Improvement Organization in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Arizona, Hawaii and Nevada’s Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>877-588-1123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>Livanta BFCC-QIO Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico and Texas’ Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>888-315-0636</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WRITE</strong></td>
<td>KEPRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5201 W Kennedy Blvd, Ste 900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tampa, FL 33609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td><a href="https://keproqio.com/">https://keproqio.com/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Washington, D.C.’s Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>888-396-4646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>888-985-2660 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WRITE</strong></td>
<td>Livanta BFCC-QIO Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td><a href="https://livantaqio.com/en">https://livantaqio.com/en</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina and South Carolina’s Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>888-317-0751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WRITE</strong></td>
<td>KEPRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5201 W Kennedy Blvd, Ste 900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tampa, FL 33609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td><a href="https://keproqio.com/">https://keproqio.com/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota and Ohio’s Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-524-9900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>888-985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | Livanta BFCC-QIO Program  
10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202  
Annapolis Junction, MD 20701 |

### Kansas’ Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-755-5580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>888-985-9295 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | Livanta BFCC-QIO Program  
10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202  
Annapolis Junction, MD 20701 |

### Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming’s Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-317-0891</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | KEPRO  
5700 Lombardo Center Dr, Ste 100  
Seven Hills, OH 44131 |
| WEBSITE| [https://keproqio.com/](https://keproqio.com/) |
**Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Rhode Island’s Quality Improvement Organization – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-319-8452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>KEPRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5700 Lombardo Center Dr, Ste 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Seven Hills, OH 44131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://keproqio.com/">https://keproqio.com/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 5 Social Security**

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Social Security – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://www.ssa.gov">https://www.ssa.gov</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 6  Medicaid
(a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)

- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)

- **Qualified Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.

- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state Medicaid agency. (Please note that people with Medicaid coverage are not eligible for a Medicare MSA plan.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Arizona</th>
<th>Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>855-432-7587 M-F 8 a.m. – 5 p.m.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>800-367-8939 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>801 E Jefferson St. Phoenix, AZ 85034</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://www.azahcccs.gov/">https://www.azahcccs.gov/</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Arkansas | Arkansas Medicaid

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **CALL** | 800-482-8988  
M-F 8 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. |
| **TTY** | 711 |
| **WRITE** | Donaghey Plaza South  
P.O. Box 1437, Slot S401  
Little Rock, AR 72203-1437 |
| **WEBSITE** | [https://medicaid.mmis.arkansas.gov/](https://medicaid.mmis.arkansas.gov/) |

### Delaware | Delaware Health and Social Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **CALL** | 800-843-7271  
M-F 8 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. |
| **TTY** | 711 |
| **WRITE** | Lewis Building  
1901 N DuPont Hwy  
New Castle, DE 19720 |
| **WEBSITE** | [https://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/](https://www.dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dmma/) |

### Georgia | Georgia Gateway

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **CALL** | 877-423-4746  
M-F 8 a.m. – 5 p.m. |
| **TTY** | 800-255-0135 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| **WRITE** | 904 Claxton Dairy Rd # 1  
Dublin, GA 31021 |
| **WEBSITE** | [https://gateway.ga.gov/](https://gateway.ga.gov/) |
### Hawaii

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Hawaii</th>
<th>Hawaii Department of Human Services, Med-QUEST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>808-524-3370</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>808-692-7182</td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | 801 Dillingham Blvd  
Honolulu, HI 96817 |                                                 |
| WEBSITE | https://medquest.hawaii.gov/ |                                                 |

### Illinois

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Illinois</th>
<th>Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CALL   | 800-843-6154  
M-F 8 a.m. – 5 p.m. |                                                 |
| TTY    | 800-447-6404 | This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| WRITE  | 201 S Grand Ave E,  
Springfield, IL 62763-0001 |                                                 |
| WEBSITE | http://www2.illinois.gov/hfs/ |                                                 |

### Indiana

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Indiana</th>
<th>Indiana Medicaid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-457-4584</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | 402 W Washington St, Rm W382  
Indianapolis, IN 46204-2739 |                                                |
| WEBSITE | https://www.in.gov/medicaid/members/ |                                                |

### Kansas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Kansas</th>
<th>KanCare</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-792-4884</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>KanCare</td>
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</table>
| WRITE  | 238 N Mead  
Wichita, KS 67202 |         |
| WEBSITE| http://www.kancare.ks.gov/ |         |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Kentucky</th>
<th>Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-372-2973</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>800-627-4702 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
| WRITE  | 275 E. Main Street 
Frankfort, KY 40621 | |
| WEBSITE| https://chfs.ky.gov/ | |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Louisiana</th>
<th>Louisiana Department of Health</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CALL   | 888-342-6207 
M-F 8 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. | |
| TTY    | 711 | |
| WRITE  | 628 N. 4th Street 
Baton Rouge, LA 70802 | |
| WEBSITE| http://ldh.la.gov/ | |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Maryland</th>
<th>Maryland Department of Health</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| CALL   | 877-463-3464 
M-F 8:30 a.m. – 5 p.m. | |
| TTY    | 711 | |
| WRITE  | 201 W Preston St. 
Baltimore, MD 21201 | |
| WEBSITE| https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/Pages/home.aspx | |
### Minnesota | Department of Human Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-657-3739</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>800-627-3529</td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>PO Box 64993</td>
<td>St. Paul, MN 55164-0993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://mn.gov/dhs/">https://mn.gov/dhs/</a></td>
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### Mississippi | Mississippi Division of Medicaid

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
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<th>Details</th>
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<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-421-2408</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>228-206-6062</td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>550 High St, Ste 1000</td>
<td>Jackson, MS 39201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://medicaid.ms.gov/">https://medicaid.ms.gov/</a></td>
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### Montana | Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services

<table>
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<th>Method</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-706-1535</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITE</td>
<td>P.O. Box 202925</td>
<td>Helena, MT 59602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms">https://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms</a></td>
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</tr>
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### New Mexico | NM Human Services Department

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-997-2583</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>855-227-5485</td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>NM Human Services Department</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| WRITE  | P.O. Box 2348  
        | Santa Fe, NM  87504-2348    |
| WEBSITE| https://www.hsd.state.nm.us/LookingForAssistance/Default.aspx |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Nevada</th>
<th>Department of Health and Human Services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>877-638-3472</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | PO Box 30042  
        | Reno, NV 89520 |
| WEBSITE| https://www.medicaid.nv.gov/ |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>North Carolina</th>
<th>NC Medicaid</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-245-0179</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | 2501 Mail Service Center  
        | Raleigh, NC 27699-2501 |
| WEBSITE| https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/medicaid |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>North Dakota</th>
<th>North Dakota Department of Human Services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-755-2604</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>800-366-6888 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE  | 600 E Blvd Ave, Dept 325  
<pre><code>    | Bismarck, ND 58505-0250 |
</code></pre>
<p>| WEBSITE| <a href="http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/">http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/</a> |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Ohio</th>
<th>Department of Medicaid</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-324-8680</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
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</tr>
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</table>
| WRITE  | 50 West Town Street, Suite 400  
Columbus, Ohio 43215 |
| WEBSITE| https://medicaid.ohio.gov/ |

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
<th>Pennsylvania Department of Human Services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-692-7462</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
| WRITE  | P.O. Box 2675  
Harrisburg, PA 17105 |
| WEBSITE| http://www.dhs.pa.gov/ |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Rhode Island</th>
<th>Health Source RI</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>855-697-4347</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
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</table>
| WRITE  | P.O. Box 8709  
Cranston, RI 02920-8787 |
| WEBSITE| http://www.dhs.ri.gov/ |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>South Carolina</th>
<th>Healthy Connections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>888-549-0820</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
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</table>
| WRITE  | P.O. Box 8206  
Columbia, SC 29202-8206 |
| WEBSITE| https://www.scdhhs.gov/ |
### South Dakota

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>South Dakota</th>
<th>South Dakota Department of Social Services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>866-718-0084</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE   | 700 Governors Dr.  
            Pierre, SD 57501 |                                            |
| WEBSITE | http://dss.sd.gov/medicaid/ |                                            |

### Texas

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Texas</th>
<th>Texas Health and Human Services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-735-2989</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WRITE   | 4900 N. Lamar Blvd.  
            Austin, TX 78751-2316 |                               |
| WEBSITE | https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicaid-chip |                               |

### Utah

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Utah</th>
<th>Utah Department of Health</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>800-662-9651</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
            M-W and F 8 a.m. – 5 p.m.  
            Th 11 a.m. – 5 p.m. |
| TTY     | 711 |                                |
| WRITE   | P.O Box 143106  
            Salt Lake City, UT 84114-3106 |                                |
| WEBSITE | https://medicaid.utah.gov/ |                                |

### Washington D.C.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Washington D.C.</th>
<th>DC Medicaid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>855-532-5465</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>711</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 7: How to Contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.
## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL</td>
<td>1-877-772-5772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you press “0,” you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTY</td>
<td>1-312-751-4701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are <em>not</em> free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEBSITE</td>
<td><a href="https://secure.rrb.gov/">https://secure.rrb.gov/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## SECTION 8 Do you have “group insurance” or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.
CHAPTER 3

Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services
Chapter 3. Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

Section 1.1 What are providers and covered services?

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

Section 1.3 Medical savings accounts and prescription drug coverage

SECTION 2 How to use the money in your medical savings account

Section 2.1 How does the medical savings account work?

Section 2.2 What types of expenses can the money in the account be used for?

Section 2.3 How can you keep track of your expenses?

SECTION 3 How to get covered services when you have an emergency or during a disaster

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

Section 3.2 Getting care during a disaster

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.1 What is a “clinical research study”?

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

Section 6.2 What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?
SECTION 1  Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

Section 1.1  What are providers and covered services?

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- “Providers” are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

- “Covered services” include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1.2  Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, Lasso Healthcare MSA must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare’s coverage rules.

Lasso Healthcare MSA will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan’s Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).

- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- You receive your care from a provider in the United States who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare.
  - You must show your plan membership card every time you visit a provider. A provider can decide at each visit whether to accept our plan’s payment, and thus whether to treat you.

Lasso Healthcare MSA does not require you to obtain approval in advance for medically-necessary covered services. If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it.
Section 1.3 Medical savings accounts and prescription drug coverage

The law does not allow Medicare Advantage MSA plans to offer Medicare prescription drug coverage. If you have a Medicare MSA plan, you can, however, also join a Medicare prescription drug plan to get coverage. Any money that you use from your MSA savings account on drug plan deductibles or cost-sharing will **not** count towards your MSA plan deductible, but it will count towards your drug plan’s out-of-pocket costs. If you are interested in enrolling in a Medicare prescription drug plan or to see what plans are available in your area, visit [https://www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov) or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Generally, unless you are new to Medicare or meet a special exception, you can only join during the Medicare fall open enrollment period, which occurs from October 15 to December 7.

Note that even if you are not enrolled in a Medicare prescription drug plan, money spent from your MSA savings account on prescription drugs are considered “qualified medical expenses” for tax-reporting purposes and are not taxed. See the discussion on tax-reporting responsibilities for members of MSAs in Chapter 6, Section 2.2 ([Special tax-reporting responsibilities of members of a Medicare MSA plan](#)) for more information on qualified medical expenses.

SECTION 2 How to use the money in your medical savings account

Section 2.1 How does the medical savings account work?

The plan makes the deposit into your medical savings account. Members receive their deposit at the beginning of each calendar year. (Except for those who become entitled to Medicare in the middle of the year and enroll in the plan at that time—these members receive their deposit in the first month they are covered under the plan.) Only the plan can make deposits into your account; you can’t deposit your own money.

You can use the money in your account to pay for medical expenses, but only Medicare Part A and Part B covered services count toward your deductible. (For more information about what types of expenses you can use the money for, see Section 2.2.)

- If you use all of the money in your account and haven’t met your deductible, you must pay for all of your medical expenses out-of-pocket until you reach your deductible.
- If you don’t use all of the money in your account, the money left in your account at the end of the year will remain in your account. If you stay with the plan next year, a new deposit will be added to any leftover amount.

Once you get your initial deposit, you may move the deposit to a savings account that’s offered through your own bank or financial institution. If you move your deposit, you will be responsible for keeping track of your account balance.

**How can I access the money in my account?**

You can access the money in your account through the debit card provided by Optum Bank.
### Section 2.2 What types of expenses can the money in the account be used for?

You can use the money in your account to pay for medical expenses, but only Medicare Part A and Part B covered services count toward your deductible. You are responsible for handling the money in your account. This includes deciding which types of expenses to pay with the money in your account.

To avoid taxes and penalties, you must use the money in your account for Qualified Medical Expenses. Qualified Medical Expenses are the same types of services and products that could be deducted as medical expenses on your yearly income tax return. Again, only Medicare Part A and B covered services count toward your deductible:

- Some services, like doctors’ visits, lab tests, and hospital stays, are Qualified Medical Expenses and are also covered by Medicare Part A or Part B. If you use the money in your account for this type of expense, the money won’t be taxed and it will count toward your plan deductible.

- Other services, like dental care, vision care, and Part D drugs, are Qualified Medical Expenses, but aren’t covered by Medicare Part A or Part B. If you use the money in your account for this type of expense, the money will not be taxed. However, these expenses won’t count toward your deductible.

**To avoid a tax on withdrawals from your account, you need to file Form 1040, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, and Form 8853 each year to report your Qualified Medical Expenses.** For a complete list of the services and products that count as Qualified Medical Expenses and for other tax information, call the Internal Revenue Service at 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676). Ask for a free copy of the IRS publication #502, “Medical and Dental Expenses.” You can also request the IRS publication #969 to get more information about the tax Form 8853, or visit [https://www.irs.gov/](https://www.irs.gov/) on the Web and select “Forms and Publications” to view or print copies of the publications.

**If you use the money in your account for non-qualified expenses, it will be taxed as part of your income and will also be subject to an additional 50% tax penalty.** Each year, you should get a 1099-SA form from your MSA trustee that includes all of the withdrawals from your account. You will need to show that you have had qualified medical expenses in at least this amount, or you may have to pay taxes and additional penalties.

For more information about your tax reporting responsibilities, go to Chapter 6, Section 2.2.

### Section 2.3 How can you keep track of your expenses?

You should keep any health care bills or receipts you get to make it easy to summarize your account usage for tax purposes. It may be helpful to keep this information in one place.

If you keep your deposit in the trustee we have selected, you will get a monthly statement that lists your account activity. You can also get information on whether your expenses count toward your deductible.

If you move your deposit to a different trustee or financial institution, you are responsible for tracking your own expenses.
SECTION 3  How to get covered services when you have an emergency or during a disaster

Section 3.1  Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?

A “medical emergency” is when you believe that you have an injury or illness that requires immediate medical attention to prevent a disability or death. A medical emergency can include severe pain, a bad injury, a sudden illness, or a medical condition that is quickly getting much worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do **not** need to get approval from our plan.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. If you decide to get follow-up care from the provider treating you, then you should tell them of your coverage as soon as possible, by showing them your plan membership card. The plan will pay for all covered services, including non-emergency care that you get from any provider in the United States who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare.

Section 3.2  Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.lassohealthcare.com for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.
SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

Before you reach your deductible, you must pay the full cost of your covered services. Even though you must pay for the services, you must submit a claim to our plan so that we can count your expenses towards your deductible.

After you meet the deductible, we will pay for your covered services. If you receive a bill, you should not pay it – you should submit the bill to us for payment. If you have already paid the bill, you should submit a payment request to us so that we can pay you back.

If you have paid for your covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Lasso Healthcare MSA covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan’s Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren’t covered by our plan.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Member Services to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Paying for costs once a benefit limit has been reached does not count toward an out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Member Services when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.
CHAPTER 3. USING THE PLAN’S COVERAGE FOR YOUR MEDICAL SERVICES

SECTION 5  HOW ARE YOUR MEDICAL SERVICES COVERED WHEN YOU ARE IN A “CLINICAL RESEARCH STUDY”?  

SECTION 5.1  WHAT IS A “CLINICAL RESEARCH STUDY”?  

A clinical research study (also called a “clinical trial”) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has not approved, you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to get approval from us.

Although you do not need to get our plan’s permission to be in a clinical research study, you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to let them know that you will be participating in a clinical trial and to find out more specific details about what your plan will pay.

SECTION 5.2  WHEN YOU PARTICIPATE IN A CLINICAL RESEARCH STUDY, WHO PAYS FOR WHAT?  

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren’t in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your
Chapter 3. Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services

Cost-sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. Therefore, if you have met your yearly deductible, you will pay nothing for the items and services you receive as part of the study.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 5 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:

- Generally, Medicare will not pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were not in a study.
- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication “Medicare and Clinical Research Studies” on the Medicare website (https://www.medicare.gov). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member’s religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

Section 6.2 What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is “non-excepted.”
Chapter 3. Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services

- “Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is voluntary and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- “Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is not voluntary or is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan’s coverage of services you receive is limited to non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following condition applies:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits apply; see the benefits chart in Chapter 4 for information.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 7.1</th>
<th>Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?</th>
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</thead>
</table>

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of (DME) that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Lasso Healthcare MSA, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. Payments you made while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made fewer than 13 payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan, your previous payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you return to Original Medicare in
order to own this item. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.
CHAPTER 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)
Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services
Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services
Section 1.2 Your yearly deposit and yearly plan deductible
Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you

SECTION 2 Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay
Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?
Section 3.1 Services we do not cover (exclusions)
SECTION 1   Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Lasso Healthcare MSA. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1   Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

The only type of out-of-pocket costs you have in our plan is your yearly deductible. The “deductible” is the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share. (Section 1.2 tells you more about your yearly deductible.)

Section 1.2   Your yearly deposit and yearly plan deductible

Our plan makes a yearly deposit into your medical savings account. The plan also has a deductible that you must meet before the plan pays for your covered services. The table below provides more information about the deposit and deductible.

Deposit and Deductible Amounts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deposit/Deductible</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Yearly Deposit</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is the amount that Medicare deposits into your medical savings account. You can use the money in your account to pay your health care costs, including health care costs that aren’t covered by Medicare. (But only funds used to pay for Medicare Part A and Part B services will count toward your yearly deductible.)</td>
<td>$3,240 This is how much the plan deposits in your medical savings account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Yearly Deductible</strong></td>
<td>Region 1: $7,400 Region 2: $8,400 Region 3: $9,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is the amount you have to pay out-of-pocket for covered Medicare Part A and Part B services before the plan will pay for your covered services. Until you have paid the deductible amount, you must pay the full cost of your covered services. Once you meet your deductible, the plan will pay 100% of the costs for covered Part A and Part B services for the rest of the calendar year.</td>
<td>This is how much you must pay for your Part A and Part B services before the plan will pay for your covered services.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 1.3  Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you

As a member of Lasso Healthcare MSA, an important protection for you is that, once you meet your deductible, we don’t allow Medicare-participating providers to bill you for any additional charges for services covered under our plan (called “balance billing”). This protection applies even if we pay less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges.

Providers who are not participating in Medicare may balance bill you, where allowed by state law, up to a “limiting charge” that may be higher than Medicare Fee-for-Service rates. This excess amount beyond the Medicare rate is not reimbursed by Lasso Healthcare, nor does it count toward your plan deductible.

If you see a provider who has opted out of Medicare, you enter into a private contract with that provider. The service is not reimbursed by Lasso Healthcare, nor will it count toward your plan deductible.

SECTION 2  Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay

Section 2.1  Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Lasso Healthcare MSA covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.

- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) must be medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- No prior authorization, prior notification, or referral is required as a condition of coverage when medically necessary, plan-covered services are provided to our members.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay more in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay less. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your Medicare & You 2020 Handbook. View it online at https://www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2020, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medical Benefits Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ambulance services</th>
<th>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health or if authorized by the plan</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member’s condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person’s health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual wellness visit</th>
<th>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If you’ve had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note</strong>: Your first annual wellness visit can’t take place within 12 months of your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. However, you don’t need to have had a “Welcome to Medicare” visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you’ve had Part B for 12 months.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Bone mass measurement

For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician’s interpretation of the results.

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.

### Breast cancer screening (mammograms)

Covered services include:

- One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39
- One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older
- Clinical breast exams once every 24 months

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.

### Cardiac rehabilitation services

Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor’s order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.

### Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)

We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you’re eating healthy.

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.
### Cardiovascular disease testing

Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.

### Cervical and vaginal cancer screening

Covered services include:

- For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months.
- If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months.

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.

### Chiropractic services

Covered services include:

- We cover only Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation.

**What you must pay when you get these services**

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.
## Colorectal cancer screening

For people 50 and older, the following are covered:

- Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months

One of the following every 12 months:

- Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT)
- Fecal immunochemical test (FIT)

DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years

For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:

- Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months

For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:

- Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.</td>
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<tr>
<td>After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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</table>

## Depression screening

We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.

<table>
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<td>After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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</table>
## Diabetes screening

We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.

Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes screening</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies

For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:

- Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors
- For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.
- Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions

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<tr>
<td>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies

(For a definition of “durable medical equipment,” see Chapter 10 of this booklet.)

Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.

We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If a supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.

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<tr>
<td><strong>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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</table>

## Emergency care

Emergency care refers to services that are:

- Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and
- Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

This plan only provides coverage as required in the U.S.

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<tr>
<td><strong>Emergency care</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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## Hearing services

Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.

<table>
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<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### HIV screening

For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:

- One screening exam every 12 months

For women who are pregnant, we cover:

- Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIV screening</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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</table>

### Home health agency care

Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than eight hours per day and 35 hours per week)
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Medical and social services
- Medical equipment and supplies

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Home health agency care</td>
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</table>
## 2020 Evidence of Coverage for Lasso Healthcare MSA

### Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hospice care</strong></td>
<td>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Lasso Healthcare MSA.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you’re terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course.

Covered services include:

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.

For services that are not related to your terminal prognosis: You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.

**Note:** If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.

Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn’t elected the hospice benefit.

---

### Immunizations

Covered Medicare Part B services include:

- Pneumonia vaccine
- Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary
- Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B
- Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules

Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.

After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.
## Inpatient hospital care

Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor’s order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals including special diets
- Regular nursing services
- Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)
- Drugs and medications
- Lab tests
- X-rays and other radiology services
- Necessary surgical and medical supplies
- Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs
- Operating and recovery room costs
- Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy
- Inpatient substance abuse services

Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. If Lasso Healthcare MSA provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. You pay for lodging and transportation costs for all visits other than the actual transplant.
## Inpatient hospital care (continued)

- Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Physician services

**Note:** To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

- You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at [https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf](https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

## Inpatient mental health care

Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
<th>What you must pay when you get these services</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inpatient hospital care</strong> (continued)</td>
<td><strong>Inpatient mental health care</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay

If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Physician services
- Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)
- X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services
- Surgical dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices
- Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient’s physical condition
- Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy

### What you must pay when you get these services

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.
### Medical nutrition therapy

This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.

We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician’s order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Medical nutrition therapy</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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<td>Services that are covered for you</td>
<td>What you must pay when you get these services</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</strong>&lt;br&gt;MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans. MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</strong>&lt;br&gt;These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Drugs that usually aren’t self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services&lt;br&gt;• Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan&lt;br&gt;• Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia&lt;br&gt;• Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant&lt;br&gt;• Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug&lt;br&gt;• Antigens&lt;br&gt;• Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs&lt;br&gt;• Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa)&lt;br&gt;• Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases</td>
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</table>
## Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Services that are covered for you</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</strong>&lt;br&gt; If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.&lt;br&gt; After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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### Opioid Treatment Program Services
Opioid use disorder treatment services are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these services through our plan. Covered services include:

- FDA-approved opioid agonist and antagonist treatment medications and the dispensing and administration of such medications, if applicable
- Substance use counseling
- Individual and group therapy
- Toxicology testing

Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.<br> After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.
## Services that are covered for you

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<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- X-rays
- Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies
- Surgical supplies, such as dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Laboratory tests
- Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used
- Other outpatient diagnostic tests
### Outpatient Hospital Observation

Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.

For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.

**Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
### Outpatient hospital services

We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery
- Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital
- Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it
- X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
- Medical supplies such as splints and casts
- Certain drugs and biologicals that you can’t give yourself

**Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

### Outpatient mental health care

Covered services include:

Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.

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## Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

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<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient rehabilitation services</strong>&lt;br&gt;Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.&lt;br&gt;Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.&lt;br&gt;After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient substance abuse services</strong>&lt;br&gt;Covered services include Medicare-covered outpatient treatment of drug and alcohol rehabilitation.</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.&lt;br&gt;After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</strong>&lt;br&gt;Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.&lt;br&gt;After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Partial hospitalization services</strong>&lt;br&gt;“Partial hospitalization” is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.&lt;br&gt;After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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## Services that are covered for you

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### Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits

Covered services include:

- Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location
- Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist
- Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your doctor, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment
- Telehealth services for monthly ESRD-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member’s home
- Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation or treatment of symptoms of an acute stroke
- Brief virtual (for example, via telephone or video chat) 5-10 minute check-ins with your doctor—if you are an established patient and the virtual check-in is not related to an office visit within the previous 7 days, nor leads to an office visit within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment
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<td><strong>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits (continued)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Remote evaluation of pre-recorded video and/or images you send to your doctor, including your doctor’s interpretation and follow-up within 24 hours—if you are an established patient and the remote evaluation is not related to an office visit within the previous 7 days, nor leads to an office visit within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Consultation your doctor has with other physicians via telephone, internet, or electronic health record assessment—if you are an established patient</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Second opinion prior to surgery</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Podiatry services</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Covered services include:</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</td>
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### Prostate cancer screening exams

For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following:
- once every 12 months:
  - Digital rectal exam
  - Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test

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<tr>
<td><strong>Prostate cancer screening exams</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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</table>

### Prosthetic devices and related supplies

Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see “Vision Care” later in this section for more detail.

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<tr>
<td><strong>Prosthetic devices and related supplies</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
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</table>

### Pulmonary rehabilitation services

Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pulmonary rehabilitation services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Services that are covered for you</td>
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</table>
| **Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse**  
We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren’t alcohol dependent.  
If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you’re competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting. | Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.  
After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services. |
| **Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)**  
For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.  
**Eligible members are:** people aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.  
**For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:** the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits. | Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.  
After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services. |
## Services that are covered for you

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<tr>
<td><strong>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. <strong>After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</strong></td>
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We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.

We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor’s office.

## Services to treat kidney disease

Covered services include:

- Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime
- Outpatient dialysis treatments
- Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)
- Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)
- Home dialysis equipment and supplies
- Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)

Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, “Medicare Part B prescription drugs.”
## Services that are covered for you

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### Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care

(For a definition of “skilled nursing facility care,” see Chapter 10 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called “SNFs.”)

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals, including special diets
- Skilled nursing services
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)
- Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used
- Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs
- X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Physician/Practitioner services
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<td><strong>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of <strong>tobacco-related disease</strong>: We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable inpatient or outpatient cost-sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</strong></td>
<td>Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount. After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication • Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician’s office • Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD • Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Vision care

Covered services include:

- Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn’t cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts.

- For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.

- For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.

- One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)

### What you must pay when you get these services

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.

---

## “Welcome to Medicare” Preventive Visit

The plan covers the one-time “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.

- **Important:** We cover the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor’s office know you would like to schedule your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.

### What you must pay when you get these services

- Until you meet your yearly deductible, you pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount.
- After you meet your deductible, you pay $0 for Medicare-covered services.
### SECTION 3  What services are not covered by the plan?

#### Section 3.1  Services we do not cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are “excluded” from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is “excluded,” it means that this plan doesn’t cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won’t pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific condition listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below.

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered</th>
<th>Not covered under</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medicare</td>
<td>any condition</td>
<td>conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private room in a hospital.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓ Covered only when medically necessary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Services not covered by Medicare

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full-time nursing care in your home.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cosmetic surgery or procedures</td>
<td></td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.
- Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
## Services not covered by Medicare

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-routine dental care.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine chiropractic care</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine foot care</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home-delivered meals</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orthopedic shoes</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supportive devices for the feet</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids.</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acupuncture</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Services not covered by Medicare

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services not covered by Medicare</th>
<th>Not covered under any condition</th>
<th>Covered only under specific conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.*
CHAPTER 5

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services
Chapter 5.  Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

SECTION 1  Situations in which you should send us a bill you have received for your covered services

Section 1.1  If you pay for your covered services, or if you receive a bill, you should send the bill to us.

SECTION 2  How to ask us to pay a bill or to count your expenses toward your deductible

Section 2.1  How and where to send us your request.

SECTION 3  We will consider your request and say yes or no

Section 3.1  We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe.

Section 3.2  If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal.
## SECTION 1 Situations in which you should send us a bill you have received for your covered services

### Section 1.1 If you pay for your covered services, or if you receive a bill, you should send the bill to us

When you receive care, you should ask the provider to bill the plan for your services. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered and will let you know who should pay for them.

If you receive a bill for an item or services, you should send the bill to us. Here are some situations in which you should send a bill to us:

- **When you get a bill for an item or services even though you haven’t yet met your deductible**
  
  Before you reach your deductible, you must pay the full cost of your covered services. Even though you are responsible for the cost, you should still send the bill to us before you pay it so we can make sure you have been billed the correct amount. After you pay a bill, you should send us a copy of the bill and your payment so that we can count your expenses towards your deductible.

- **When you get a bill for an item or services after you have met your deductible**
  
  After you meet the deductible, the plan will pay for your covered services. If you receive a bill, you should not pay it – you should submit it with a payment request to us. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered and you have not paid the bill, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide they should be covered and you have already paid the bill, we will mail you your reimbursement.

- **After you meet your deductible, you don’t have to pay anything for services covered by our plan. We do not allow Medicare-participating providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges. For more information about “balance billing,” go to Chapter 4, Section 1.3.**

- **If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan**
  
  Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

  If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

  Please call Member Services for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)
Chapter 5. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

When you send us a request for payment (or a request to count your expenses toward your deductible), we are making a “coverage decision.” This means that if we deny your request, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay a bill or to count your expenses toward your deductible

Section 2.1 How and where to send us your request

When you want us to pay a bill or to pay you back for a bill you have already paid, send us a request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. Even if you haven’t met your deductible for the year, you should still send us your bill and documentation of your payment so we can count your expenses toward your deductible. It’s a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don’t have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website www.lassohealthcare.com or call Member Services and ask for the form. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Lasso Healthcare MSA
P.O. Box 261113
Plano, TX 75026

You must submit your claim to us within 1 year of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

Contact Member Services if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don’t know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don’t know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

SECTION 3 We will consider your request and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.
• If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules for getting the care, we will pay for our share of the cost.
  o If you have met your yearly deductible and have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement to you.
  o If you have met your yearly deductible and have *not* paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
  o If you haven’t met your deductible yet, we will tell you how much you should be billed by the provider.

• If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

### Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request or you don’t agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment or when we turned down your request to count medical expenses you have paid (either with money from your MSA account or out-of-pocket) toward the plan deductible. You may also appeal if you believe that, prior to meeting the deductible, you have been required to pay more for a service than the Medicare allowable amount.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 7. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as “appeal.” Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to Section 5.3 to learn how to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service.
CHAPTER 6

Your rights and responsibilities
Chapter 6. Your rights and responsibilities

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SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Our plan has people and free interpreter services available to answer questions from disabled and non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan’s benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or contact our Civil Rights Coordinator.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Appeals and Grievances. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights. Contact information is included in this Evidence of Coverage or with this mailing, or you may contact Member Services for additional information.

Para que le brindemos información en un formato que sea adecuado para usted, llame a Servicios para miembros (los números de teléfono aparecen en el reverso de este folleto).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios gratuitos de intérpretes que están disponibles para responder las preguntas de los miembros con discapacidades o que no hablan inglés. De ser necesario, también podemos proporcionarle información en Braille, en letra grande o en otros formatos alternativos sin costo alguno. Debemos proporcionarle información sobre los beneficios de su plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para obtener información en un formato que sea adecuado para usted, llame a Servicios para miembros (los números de teléfono aparecen en el reverso de este folleto) o comuníquese con nuestro coordinador de derechos civiles.

Si tiene problemas para obtener información sobre nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted, llame para presentar una queja formal ante el Departamento de Apelaciones y Quejas Formales. También puede presentar una reclamación ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o, directamente, ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles. La información de contacto se incluye en esta Evidencia de cobertura o en este correo o bien se puede comunicar con Servicios para miembros para obtener información adicional.
Section 1.2  We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services

You may seek care from any provider in the United States who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare. You should always (except possibly in emergencies) show the provider your MSA plan membership card.

You do not need a referral or prior approval from the plan to receive covered services.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7, Section 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care and you don’t agree with our decision, Chapter 7, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

Section 1.3  We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your “personal health information” includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.

- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a “Notice of Privacy Practice,” that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don’t see or change your records.

- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn’t providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you first. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.

- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.
You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan and your covered services

As a member of Lasso Healthcare MSA, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan’s financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan’s performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.

- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**
  - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
  - If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**
  - If a medical service is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation.
  - If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 7 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 7 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)
If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care, see Chapter 5 of this booklet.

### Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- To know about all of your choices. This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.

- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.

- The right to say “no.” You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

- To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care. You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 7 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, if you want to, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.

- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called “advance directives.” There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called “living will” and “power of attorney for health care” are examples of advance directives.
If you want to use an “advance directive” to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare.

- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.

- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can’t. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

**What if your instructions are not followed?**

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the appropriate state-specific agency, for example, your State Department of Health.

**Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made**

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 7 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
**Section 1.7** What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services’ **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, and it’s **not** about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, you can **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**Section 1.8** How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare**.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Medicare Rights & Protections.” (The publication is available at: https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
SECTION 2   You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Section 2.1   What are your responsibilities?

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We’re here to help.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.

- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, or separate prescription drug coverage, you are required to tell us.** Please call Member Services to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care.

- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don’t understand the answer you are given, ask again.

- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor’s office, hospitals, and other offices.

- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
  - Until you meet your yearly deductible, you must pay up to 100% of the Medicare-approved amount for your covered Part A and Part B services.
Chapter 6. Your rights and responsibilities

- If you get any medical services that are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost.
  - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 7 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.

- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it’s important to tell us right away. Call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
  - If you move outside of our plan service area or to state we are not licensed in, you cannot remain a member of our plan. (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area or to a state we are not licensed in. If you are leaving our service area or moving to a state we are not licensed in, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area.
  - If you move within our service area or a state we are licensed in, we still need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
  - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.

- **Call Member Services for help if you have questions or concerns.** We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
  - Phone numbers and calling hours for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
  - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

### Section 2.2 Special tax-reporting responsibilities of members of a Medicare MSA plan

Our plan is a Medicare MSA plan. MSA members must file Form 1040, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, along with Form 8853, “Archer MSAs and Long-Term Care (LTC) Insurance Contracts,” to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for any year that distributions are made from their Medicare MSA account to ensure that they are not taxed on their MSA account withdrawals.

These tax forms must be filed for any year in which a MSA account withdrawal is made even if the member has no taxable income or any other reason for filing Form 1040. MSA account withdrawals for qualified medical expenses are tax-free, while account withdrawals for non-medical expenses are subject to both income tax and a 50% tax penalty.

- You will receive a statement (Form 1099-SA) from your MSA trustee reporting your MSA savings account distributions by January 31 each year. The trustee is also required to report this information to the IRS.
Chapter 6. Your rights and responsibilities

- You must file tax forms 1040 and 8853 even if you are not otherwise required to file an income tax return in order to avoid owing taxes on MSA account withdrawals.

- Form 8853, “Archer MSAs and Long-Term Care (LTC) Insurance Contracts,” Section B, is the place to report both your Medicare MSA account withdrawals (which the IRS calls distributions) and on your qualified medical expenses for the year.

- Form 8853 and Form 8853 Instructions are available at https://www.irs.gov/ or from 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676). On the Web, look up forms by number at “Forms”. (Note: IRS tax code considers Medicare MSAs as a type of “Archer” MSA, therefore, IRS references to “Archer” MSAs include Medicare MSAs.)

  - You must file by April 15 of the following year, unless you request an extension on your tax return.

Information reported to the IRS on MSA account withdrawals for qualified medical expenses is not the same expense information that will count towards your MSA plan deductible. Only Medicare Part A and Part B expenses will count towards your MSA plan deductible. Therefore, you will also want to keep track of your qualified medical expenses that are also Part A and Part B expenses and that will count towards your MSA plan deductible.

Helpful MSA-related publications related to tax-reporting requirements

The following are two IRS publications relevant to Medicare MSAs. They are available on the Web at https://www.irs.gov/ or from 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800 829-3676). On the Web, look up publications by number at “Publications”.

  - IRS Publication 502 (“Medical and Dental Expenses”) defines what types of services generally count as qualified medical expenses for IRS tax purposes.

  - IRS Publication 969 (“Health Savings Accounts and Other Tax-Favored Health Plans”) includes information on medical savings accounts, including Medicare MSAs. Publication 969 provides more items and services (in addition to those in Publication 502) that are qualified medical expenses for MSAs.

Who to call for more information or for help in preparing your tax return

You may call the IRS toll-free for live telephone assistance from Monday – Friday, 7 am – 10 pm local time, or you may visit your local IRS office.

  - For individuals: 1-800-829-1040

  - For people with hearing impairments: 1-800-829-4059 (TDD)

Face-to-Face Assistance: In certain areas, IRS also has local offices. Find your local office at https://www.irs.gov/help-resources/contact-your-local-irs-office on the Web.
CHAPTER 7

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
# Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint
## (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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BACKGROUND

SECTION 1   Introduction

Section 1.1   What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the process for making complaints.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

Section 1.2   What about the legal terms?

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says “making a complaint” rather than “filing a grievance,” “coverage decision” rather than “organization determination,” and “Independent Review Organization” instead of “Independent Review Entity.” It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2   You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

Section 2.1   Where to get more information and personalized assistance

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.
Get help from an independent government organization

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website ([https://www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)).

### SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 3.1</th>
<th>Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.
To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, START HERE

**Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?**

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes. My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”**

No. My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Skip ahead to **Section 9** at the end of this chapter: **“How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.”**

---

**COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS**

**SECTION 4** A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

---

**Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture**

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

**Asking for coverage decisions**

A “coverage decision” is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases we might decide a service is not covered or is no longer
covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

**Making an appeal**

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can “appeal” the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or “fast coverage decision” or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

---

**Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- To **get free help from an independent organization** that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).

- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.

- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
  - If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at [https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-](https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-).
Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

### Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are three different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: “Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 6** of this chapter: “How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon”
- **Section 7** of this chapter: “How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon” (Applies to these services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you’re not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (Chapter 2, Section 3, of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

### SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

### Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).* To keep
things simple, we generally refer to “medical care coverage” or “medical care” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “medical care or treatment or services” every time.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.

2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.

3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.

4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.

5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.

- NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here’s what to read in those situations:
  - Chapter 7, Section 6: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.
  - Chapter 7, Section 7: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon. This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and CORF services.

- For all other situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.
### Which of these situations are you in?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you are in this situation:</th>
<th>This is what you can do:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want? | You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.  
Go to the next section of this chapter, **Section 5.2**. |
| Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for? | You can make an **appeal**. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)  
Skip ahead to **Section 5.3** of this chapter. |
| Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have already received and paid for? | You can send us the bill.  
Skip ahead to **Section 5.5** of this chapter. |

### Section 5.2  
**Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision**  
(how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)

**Legal Terms**

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **“organization determination.”**

**Step 1:** You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a **“fast coverage decision.”**

**Legal Terms**

A “fast coverage decision” is called an **“expedited determination.”**

**How to request coverage for the medical care you want**

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care.*

**Generally we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision**

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.

- **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.

- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)

**If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”**

- A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours.
  - **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing, or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
  
  - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

- **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**
  - You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for coverage for medical care you have not yet received. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
  
  - You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
- This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
- The letter will also tell how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)

Step 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a “fast” coverage decision

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision, we will give you our answer within 72 hours.
  - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
  - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)
  - If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.

- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision, we will give you our answer within 14 calendar days of receiving your request.
  - We can take up to 14 more calendar days (“an extended time period”) under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)
- If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 calendar days after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider – and perhaps change – this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

**Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal**
(how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “reconsideration.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 1: You contact us and make your appeal.** If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”

What to do

- **To start an appeal you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us.** For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*
If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.

- If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. (To get the form, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. It is also available on Medicare’s website at https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf. While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 titled, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.

You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.

- You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
- If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal” (you can make a request by calling us)

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<td>A “fast appeal” is also called an “expedited reconsideration.”</td>
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If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)

- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.

Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.

- We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

Deadlines for a “fast” appeal

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
  
  o However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.

  o If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Deadlines for a “standard” appeal

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.

  o However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 9 of this chapter.)

- If we do not give you an answer by the deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

**Step 3:** If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.” When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

**Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the Independent Review Organization reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

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<td>The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”</td>
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**Step 1:** The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- **The Independent Review Organization** is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a “fast” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “fast” appeal at Level 2
- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.

If you had a “standard” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “standard” appeal at Level 2
- If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date the plan receives the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)
  - If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level
2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.

**Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).

- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal.

- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?**

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 5 of this booklet: * Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*. Chapter 5 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*). We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: *Using the plan’s coverage for your medical services*).

**We will say yes or no to your request**

- If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. Or, if you haven’t paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it’s the same as saying yes to your request for a coverage decision.)

- If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and
What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. Go to this section for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)

- If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your “discharge date.”

- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.

- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

Section 6.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or
nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don’t understand it. It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:

   1. Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.

   2. Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it.

   3. Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.

   4. Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

   • You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)

   • Signing the notice shows only that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice does not mean you are agreeing on a discharge date.

3. Keep your copy of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.

   • If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.

Legal Terms

The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can “request an immediate review.” Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 6.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)
To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html.

Section 6.2  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a “fast review” of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

*What is the Quality Improvement Organization?*

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

*How can you contact this organization?*

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date. (Your “planned discharge date” is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
  - If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Ask for a “fast review”:

- You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a “fast review” of your discharge. Asking for a “fast review” means you are asking for the organization to use the “fast” deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

Legal Terms

| A “fast review” is also called an “immediate review” or an “expedited review.” |

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.
Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

*What happens if the answer is yes?*

- If the review organization says yes to your appeal, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

*What happens if the answer is no?*

- If the review organization says no to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says no to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.
Section 6.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

**If the review organization says yes:**

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**

- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

**If the review organization says no:**

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it. This is called “upholding the decision.”

- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 6.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 6.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. (“Quickly” means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

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| A “fast review” (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “expedited appeal”.

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
- Be sure to ask for a “fast review.” This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

Step 2: We do a “fast review” of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will
check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

- In this situation, we will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).**

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

**Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.” When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an Independent Review Organization reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

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<td>The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “Independent Review Entity.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”</td>
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Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.
SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

Section 7.1 This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

This section is about the following types of care only:

- **Home health care services** you are getting.
- **Skilled nursing care** you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a “skilled nursing facility,” see Chapter 10, *Definitions of important words*.)
- **Rehabilitation care** you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 10, *Definitions of important words*.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care*.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 7.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

1. **You receive a notice in writing.** At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.

   - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
   - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask our plan to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.
### Legal Terms

In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a **“fast-track appeal.”** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 8.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)

The written notice is called the **“Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.”** To get a sample copy, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or see a copy online at [https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html](https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html)

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2. **You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.**

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)

- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan that it’s time to stop getting the care.

---

### Section 7.3  Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.

- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)

- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).
During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.

**Step 1:** Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.

*What is the Quality Improvement Organization?*

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it’s time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

*How can you contact this organization?*

- The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

*What should you ask for?*

- Ask this organization for a “fast-track appeal” (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

*Your deadline for contacting this organization.*

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal *no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.*

- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

**Step 2:** The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

*What happens during this review?*

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.

- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This notice explanation is called the “Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

**What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?**

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

**What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?**

- If the reviewers say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you. We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- This first appeal you make is “Level 1” of the appeals process. If reviewers say no to your Level 1 Appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2
Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review *within 60 days* after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

*What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal?*

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

*What happens if the review organization says no?*

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### Section 7.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 7.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

**Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Terms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A “fast review” (or “fast appeal”) is also called an <strong>expedited appeal</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”**

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*.
- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a “fast review” of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.**

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan’s coverage for services you were receiving.
- We will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.
Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” ("fast appeal").

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.

- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Step 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.” When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the Independent Review Organization reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

### Legal Terms

| The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the “IRE.” |

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)
Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.

- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.

Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 8.1</th>
<th>Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.
For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 3 Appeal</th>
<th>A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over** - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge’s or attorney adjudicator’s decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 4 Appeal</th>
<th>The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over** - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council’s decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

• If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  o If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  o If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal  A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• This is the last step of the appeals process.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is not for you. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

Section 9.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.
If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can “make a complaint”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complaint</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quality of your medical care</td>
<td>● Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respecting your privacy</td>
<td>● Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</td>
<td>● Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● Are you unhappy with how our Member Services has treated you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiting times</td>
<td>● Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, or in the exam room.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleanliness</td>
<td>● Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information you get from us</td>
<td>● Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 7. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complaint</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Timeliness</strong></td>
<td>The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in sections 4-8 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process. However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals) | - If you have asked us to give you a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint.  
  - If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.  
  - When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.  
  - When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.                                                                                               |

**Section 9.2** The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance”

**Legal Terms**

- What this section calls a “complaint” is also called a “grievance.”
- Another term for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.”
- Another way to say “using the process for complaints” is “using the process for filing a grievance.”
Section 9.3  Step-by-step: Making a complaint

**Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.**

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know. 1-866-766-2583 (TTY: 711), 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.

- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing. The written grievance should be sent to: Lasso Healthcare MSA, Attn: Appeals & Grievances, P.O. Box 261115, Plano, TX 75026

- You or someone you name may file a grievance. A family member, friend, advocate, provider or any other person may act on your behalf if you appoint them in writing to act on your behalf. Other persons may already be authorized by the court or in accordance with state law to act for you. If you want someone to act for you who is not already authorized by the court or under state law, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. A provider may act on your behalf in the grievance procedure if the provider certifies in writing to us that you are unable to act for yourself due to illness or disability.

- You must file your grievance within 60 days of the event or incident that caused the grievance. We must address your grievance as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 days after receiving your grievance. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 days if you ask for the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. We will always respond to your grievance either verbally or in writing.

- Concerns about a decision regarding payment for, or coverage of, services that you believe are covered by Medicare Advantage plans must be appealed through the appeals procedure rather than the above grievance procedure.

- In certain circumstances, you have the right to ask for an expedited (fast) grievance. Lasso Healthcare MSA makes expedited grievance decisions within the time frame necessary to accommodate the urgency of the situation but no later than 24 hours after receiving the expedited request.

- **Whether you call or write, you should contact Member Services right away.** The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.
• If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast complaint.” If you have a “fast complaint,” it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.

Legal Terms
What this section calls a “fast complaint” is also called an “expedited grievance.”

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

• If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

• Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.

• If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

Section 9.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about quality of care, you also have two extra options:

• You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization. If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (without making the complaint to us).
  o The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
  o To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.

• Or, you can make your complaint to both at the same time. If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.
Section 9.5  You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Lasso Healthcare MSA directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.
CHAPTER 8

Ending your membership in the plan
Chapter 8. Ending your membership in the plan

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SECTION 1   Introduction

Section 1.1   This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Lasso Healthcare MSA may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice):

• You might leave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave.
  o There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you when you can end your membership in the plan.
  o The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you how to end your membership in each situation.

• There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care through our plan until your membership ends.

SECTION 2   When can you end your membership in our plan?

You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

Section 2.1   You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period (also known as the “Annual Coordinated Election Period”). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

• When is the Annual Enrollment Period? This happens from October 15 to December 7.

• What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period? You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  o Keep your Medicare Savings Account (MSA) plan and enroll in a separate prescription drug plan (or enroll in a new prescription drug plan if you do not currently have one);
Chapter 8. Ending your membership in the plan

- Another Medicare health plan (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.);
- Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan;
- – or – Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**When will your membership end?** Your membership will end when your new plan’s coverage begins on January 1.

### Section 2.2 In certain limited situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain limited situations, members of Lasso Healthcare MSA may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

- **Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period?** If any of the following situations apply to you, you may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website ([https://www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)):
  - Usually, when you have moved.
  - If we violate our contract with you.
  - If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
  - If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).
  - If you have a change in your Medicaid status. (Please note that people with Medicaid coverage are not eligible to enroll in a Medicare MSA plan.)

- **When are Special Enrollment Periods?** The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.

- **What can you do?** To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.);
  - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan (or enroll in a new prescription drug plan if you do not currently have one);
  - – or – Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

- **When will your membership end?** Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after we receive your request to change your plan.
Section 2.3 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- You can call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can find the information in the Medicare & You 2020 Handbook.
  - Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of Medicare & You each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.
  - You can also download a copy from the Medicare website (https://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.
- You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 3 What happens if you leave our plan in the middle of the year?

Section 3.1 What happens to the money in your account if you leave our plan?

If you leave our plan in the middle of the year, part of the current year’s deposit will be refunded to Medicare. The amount recovered and refunded to Medicare depends on the number of months left in the current calendar year. For example, if you get a $1,200 deposit in your account in January and you leave the plan in March, we will recover $900 to return to Medicare.

Funds remaining in your account from any previous year belong to you. Recovery applies only to funds deposited into your account for the current year. If you have any questions, please contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 4 How do you end your membership in our plan?

Section 4.1 Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan

Usually, to end your membership in our plan, you simply enroll in another Medicare health plan during one of the enrollment periods (see Section 2 in this chapter for information about the enrollment periods).

However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. To disenroll from Lasso Healthcare MSA in this situation, you must
make a request in writing to us. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you would like to switch from our plan to:</th>
<th>This is what you should do:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Another Medicare health plan.</td>
<td>• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from Lasso Healthcare MSA when your new plan’s coverage begins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Original Medicare (either with or without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan).</td>
<td>• <strong>Send us a written request to disenroll.</strong> Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). • You will be disenrolled from Lasso Healthcare MSA when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 5 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services through our plan

**Section 5.1 Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan**

If you leave Lasso Healthcare MSA, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care through our plan.

- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 6 Lasso Healthcare MSA must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

**Section 6.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?**

Lasso Healthcare MSA must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:
Chapter 8. Ending your membership in the plan

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you obtain other insurance (to include supplemental policies) that covers all or part of the annual Medicare MSA deductible such as through insurance primary to Medicare, or retirement health benefits.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
  - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan’s area. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

- You can call Member Services for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

| Section 6.2 | We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health |

Lasso Healthcare MSA is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
Chapter 8. Ending your membership in the plan

Section 6.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 7, Section 9 for information about how to make a complaint.
CHAPTER 9

Legal notices
Chapter 9. Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law .................................................. 164
SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination ........................................... 164
SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights .... 164
SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this Evidence of Coverage and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. We don’t discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services’ Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Lasso Healthcare MSA, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.
CHAPTER 10

Definitions of important words
Chapter 10. Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – A set time each fall when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare. The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don’t pay for an item or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 7 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan’s allowed cost-sharing amount. Lasso Healthcare MSA, does not allow Medicare-participating providers to “balance bill” or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven’t received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services after you pay any deductibles. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%).

Complaint – The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.” The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also “Grievance,” in this list of definitions.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or “copay”) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay $10 or $20 for a doctor’s visit or prescription.

Cost-sharing – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed
“copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when a specific service is received.

**Covered Services** – The general term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don’t have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t pay for custodial care.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan begins to pay.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Grievance** - A type of complaint you make about us, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A home health aide provides services that don’t need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet,
dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Hospice - A member who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you’re eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See “Extra Help.”

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 (Your yearly deposit and yearly plan deductible) for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state. You cannot be a member of our Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan if you have Medicaid.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare, a Medicare Cost Plan, a PACE plan, or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage. Lasso Healthcare MSA does not offer Medicare prescription drug coverage. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health
plan that is offered in their area, except people with End-Stage Renal Disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

**Medicare Cost Plan** – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) Plan** – A type of Medicare Advantage Plan that combines a high-deductible health insurance plan with a medical savings account that members can use to pay for their health care costs.

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**“Medigap” (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or “Plan Member”)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Member Services** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Member Services.

**Organization Determination** – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 7 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Original Medicare** (“Traditional Medicare” or “Fee-for-service” Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for “cost-sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement.
PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care (LTC) services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible, while getting the high-quality care they need. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see “Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.”

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost-sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both in-network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services. As a member of a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan, you do not need prior authorization to obtain services. However, you may want to check with us before obtaining services to confirm that the service is covered by the plan.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Qualified Medical Expenses - Qualified medical expenses are those expenses that would generally qualify for the medical and dental expenses deduction on your income tax return. These expenses are explained in IRS Publication 502, Medical and Dental Expenses.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Chapter 2, Section 4 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.
Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.
Lasso Healthcare MSA Member Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Member Services – Contact Information</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CALL</strong></td>
<td>1-866-766-2583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TTY</strong></td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calls to this number are free.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week from October 1 through March 31, and Monday – Friday from April 1 through September 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FAX</strong></td>
<td>1-800-915-4489</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WRITE</strong></td>
<td>Lasso Healthcare MSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P.O. Box 261113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plano, TX 75026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>WEBSITE</strong></td>
<td><a href="http://www.lassohealthcare.com">www.lassohealthcare.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

State Health Insurance Program, or SHIP, is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. You will find your state’s SHIP phone number in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.